Redevelopment Authority of the City of Harrisburg

(A Component Unit of the City of Harrisburg) Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2014 with Independent Auditor's Report



YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Redevelopment Authority of the City of Harrisburg

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Redevelopment Authority of the City of Harrisburg (Authority), Pennsylvania, a component unit of the City of Harrisburg, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Board of Directors Redevelopment Authority of the City of Harrisburg Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 2

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Authority as of December 31, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Maher Duessel

Harrisburg, Pennsylvania July 22, 2015

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Assets	Governmental Activities
Current assets: Cash Accounts receivable Loans receivable	\$ 933,632 143,094 23,406
Total current assets	1,100,132
Non-current assets: Restricted investments Loans receivable Right to building Capital assets, not being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net	3,365,455 241,429 20,369,411 30,000 7,754,043
Total non-current assets	31,760,338
Total Assets	32,860,470
Liabilities	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued interest Current portion of bonds and notes payable Security deposits Current portion of compensated absences	48,617 64,912 339,695 1,000 16,987
Total current liabilities	471,211
Non-current liabilities: Bonds and notes payable Compensated absences	59,260,933 25,891
Total non-current liabilities	59,286,824
Total Liabilities	59,758,035
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Revolving loan Debt service Unrestricted	6,673,523 250,000 3,365,455 (37,186,543)
Total Net Position	\$ (26,897,565)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net (Expense)

Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Revenue and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental activities: Community development	\$ 5,204,783	\$ 1,457,626	\$ 90,612	\$ 33,333	\$ (3,623,212)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,204,783	\$ 1,457,626	\$ 90,612	\$ 33,333	(3,623,212)
	General revenue Miscellaneous Interest income Total general rev	income			44,633 177,015 221,648
	Change in Net I	Position			(3,401,564)
	Net Position: Beginning of year	ear			(23,496,001) \$ (26,897,565)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Assets		General	Transportation Center		CSM		Total
Cash Due from other funds	\$	212,846 482,165	\$	128,114 7,122	\$	592,672	\$ 933,632 489,287
Accounts receivable		73,675		66,072		3,347	143,094
Restricted investments		3,364,608		847		5,517	3,365,455
Loans receivable		-		-		264,835	264,835
Total Assets	\$	4,133,294	\$	202,155	\$	860,854	\$ 5,196,303
Liabilities and Fund Balance							
Liabilities:							
Due to other funds	\$	7,122	\$	314,630	\$	167,535	\$ 489,287
Accounts payable		241		41,295		7,081	48,617
Security deposits		-		-		1,000	1,000
Accrued interest		-		64,912		-	64,912
Notes due and payable		-		271,427			 271,427
Total Liabilities		7,363		692,264		175,616	875,243
Fund Balance:							
Nonspendable:							
Loans receivable		-		-		18,700	18,700
Restricted:							
Repayment of the 1998 Guaranteed Revenue Bonds		3,364,608		-		-	3,364,608
Repayment of the Transportation Center Note		-		847		-	847
Revolving loan program		-		-		250,000	250,000
Committed:							
Real estate development		-		-		416,538	416,538
Unassigned		761,323		(490,956)			 270,367
Total Fund Balance		4,125,931		(490,109)		685,238	4,321,060
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,133,294	\$	202,155	\$	860,854	\$ 5,196,303

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2014

Total	Fund	Ralance -	Governmental	Funds
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\$ 4,321,060

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

The right to building used in governmental activities is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.

20,369,411

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

7,784,043

Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable and compensated absences applicable to the Authority's governmental activities, are not due and payable in the current period that are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position.

Bonds and notes payable Note payable due and payable at December 31, 2014 Compensated absences

\$(59,600,628) 271,427

(42,878) (59,372,079)

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$(26,897,565)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		Tra	insportation		
	 General		Center	CSM	 Total
Revenues:	 				
Service revenue	\$ 160,446	\$	-	\$ 461,279	\$ 621,725
Intergovernmental	-		-	7,100	7,100
Interest income	171,108		22	5,885	177,015
Other rental income	-		70,767	-	70,767
Miscellaneous income	1,113		47,146	4,370	52,629
Space rental income	 		674,514	166,136	840,650
Total revenues	 332,667		792,449	644,770	 1,769,886
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Program expenditures	230,233		831,366	580,794	1,642,393
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-	27,316	27,316
Interest			12,157	21,484	33,641
Total expenditures	 230,233		843,523	 629,594	1,703,350
Net Change in Fund Balance	102,434		(51,074)	15,176	66,536
Fund Balance:					
Beginning of year	 4,023,497		(439,035)	 670,062	4,254,524
End of year	\$ 4,125,931	\$	(490,109)	\$ 685,238	\$ 4,321,060

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	66,536
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense			(223,857)
Bond and note proceeds are reported as a financing source in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Repayment of principal on debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.			(,)
Payment of long-term liabilities Amortization on forgivable loan	\$ 27,316 33,333		60,649
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures until paid in the governmental funds.			
Accretion of interest Change in environmental remediation liability Change in compensated absences payable	(3,310,275) 10,636 (5,253)	(3,304,892)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$ (3,401,564)

Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Redevelopment Authority of the City of Harrisburg (Authority) is incorporated under the provisions of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Urban Development Act Number 385 of May 24, 1945, as amended, for the purpose of providing redevelopment and other related activities within the City of Harrisburg (City). The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A summary of the Authority's significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements is as follows:

Reporting Entity

The Authority is considered a component unit of the City and the Authority's financial activities are included in the City's financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the Authority are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to financial statements

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of applicable GASB pronouncements.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements and depreciated over their useful lives, rather than being expensed at the time of acquisition or construction.

Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The Authority chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling up" effect.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the Authority is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the governmental funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Service revenue, intergovernmental revenue, interest, and space rental income associated with the current fiscal period are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

all considered to be susceptible to accrual and thus have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Authority. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Purchases and construction of capital assets are recognized as expenditures and the asset value is not capitalized in the governmental funds.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities unless due and payable.

The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when due and payable.

Basis of Presentation

The determination of major funds is based on minimum criteria as set forth in GASB pronouncements. The following are the Authority's major funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those reported in another fund. Revenues of this fund are primarily derived from state and federal grants, and fees for services. Many of the basic activities of the Authority are accounted for in this fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Transportation Center Fund

The Transportation Center Fund is used to account for the proceeds of revenues and expenditures related to the operation of the train station.

Contract Service & Maintenance (CSM) Fund

The CSM Fund is used to account for various redevelopment projects, including the related revenues and expenditures of projects within the City.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consists of tenant parking and tenant rent for the Transportation Center Fund and other miscellaneous receivables in each fund. The Authority uses the specific write-off method in recording uncollectible accounts. As of December 31, 2014, there was no allowance for bad debts.

Loans Receivable

Loans receivable consists of loans made to various entities for redevelopment projects within the City. The loans vary in term and require full payment of principal and interest at the end of the loan term. As of December 31 2014, there was \$264,835 of loans receivable in the CSM Fund.

The Authority also received two Up-Front Grants in the General Fund in the amount of \$10.6 million from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development for a redevelopment project within the City. The grant funds were loaned to developers for use in connection with a low-income housing project. The loans vary in term and require full payment of principal and interest at the end of the loan term. By their nature, the likelihood that these loans will be collected is remote and, as a result, the loans recorded are completely offset with an allowance for doubtful accounts at December 31, 2014.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Interfund Transactions

The Authority affects a variety of transactions between the funds to finance operations. Accordingly, to the extent that certain interfund transactions have not been paid or received as of December 31, 2014, appropriate interfund receivables or payables has been established.

Accrued Compensated Absences

The Authority's employees are granted vacation benefits in varying amounts depending on the number of years of service. Employees may accumulate up to 37.5 hours of vacation leave, which may be carried over to subsequent years. Sick leave benefits accrue up to a maximum of 675 hours, but can only be used as sick time and not taken in pay. Sick leave accumulated in excess of 675 hours may be converted, at the discretion of the Executive Director, to vacation time. The conversion of sick leave to vacation leave will occur on the ratio of three (3) hours excess sick leave to one (1) hour vacation leave. The vacation leave accrued in this manner may be carried over to the new calendar year in addition to the maximum vacation leave carryover otherwise permitted. The liability related to compensated absences is reported on the statement of net position.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Restricted Investments

Restricted investments represent resources set aside for liquidation of specific obligations, as detailed in Note 3.

Right to Building

As further discussed in Note 6, in 1998, the Authority purchased the right, title, and interest in and to certain portions of the Strawberry Square Site located in the City. The Authority is

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

not entitled to any ownership of the building until 2016. The future right to the building is valued on the statement of net position at amortized cost. No amortization was required to be recorded through December 31, 2014.

Capital Assets

Capital assets of the Authority result from expenditures in the governmental funds. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at historical cost at the acquisition date. Donated capital assets are reported at their fair value as of the date received. The Authority maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 for vehicles, equipment, and furniture and fixtures. Leasehold improvements, land improvements, buildings, and building improvements have a capitalization threshold of \$25,000. All capital assets are depreciated, except for land, land improvements (excavation, fill, grading, landscaping), construction in progress, easements, and rights of way.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
Description	Lives
Buildings and building improvements	40 years
Land improvements	20 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Leasehold improvements	7-10 years
Vehicles	7-10 years
Equipment	5 years

Net Position/Fund Balances

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment in Capital Assets – This category groups all capital assets, including
infrastructure, and intangible assets, into one component of net position.
Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to
the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in
this category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

- Restricted Net Position This category represents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- *Unrestricted Net Position* This category represents net position of the Authority not restricted for any project or other purpose.

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in categories based on the level of constraint placed upon the funds. These levels are as follows:

- Nonspendable This category represents funds that are not in spendable form.
- Restricted This category represents funds that are limited in use due to constraints on purpose and circumstances of spending that are legally enforceable by outside parties.
- Committed This category represents funds that are limited in use due to the
 constraints on purpose and circumstances of spending imposed by the Board of
 Directors (Board). Such commitment is made via a Board resolution and must be
 made prior to the end of the calendar year. Removal of the commitment requires a
 Board resolution.
- Unassigned This category represents all other funds not otherwise defined.

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any component of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is applied first. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for all major programs. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverages in 2014. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Adoption of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement

The Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees." This Statement improves accounting and financial reporting by governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. As a result of this Statement, the footnote disclosures have been enhanced.

Pending Changes in Accounting Principles

In June of 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions." In addition, in November of 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date." These Statements revise and establish reporting requirements for most governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. The provisions of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 are effective for the Authority's December 31, 2015 financial statements.

In February of 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurement and Application." This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The provisions of GASB Statement No. 72 are effective for the Authority's December 31, 2016 financial statements.

The effect of implementation of these Statements has not yet been determined.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit and investment policy of the Authority adheres to state statutes, prudent business practices, and applicable trust indentures. The Authority deposits cash in local financial institutions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

As of December 31, 2014, the Authority's book balance was \$933,632 and the bank balance was \$957,723. Of the bank balance, \$500,013 was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining balance of \$457,710 was collateralized under Act No. 72 (Act) of the 1971 Session of the Pennsylvania General Assembly, in which financial institutions were granted the authority to secure deposits of public bodies by pledging a pool of assets, as defined in the Act, to cover all public funds deposited in excess of federal depository insurance limits.

Investments

The investments of the Authority at December 31, 2014 were as follows:

		Fair			
Investments	(Coı	ntract) Value			
Money market funds	\$	33,477			
External investment pool		847			
Guaranteed investment contracts		3,331,131			
Total investments	\$	3,365,455			

The Authority uses an external investment pool to ensure safety and maximize efficiency, liquidity, and yield for the Authority's funds. These funds are invested in the Pennsylvania Treasurer's INVEST Program for Local Governments and Nonprofits (INVEST), which separately issues audited financial statements that are available to the public. The fair value of the Authority's position in the external investment pool is equivalent to the value of the pool shares. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania provides external regulatory oversight of the pool.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to an investment transaction will fail and the government will not recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Authority does not have an investment policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2014, the Authority was not exposed to custodial credit risk, because the investments held by the Authority are not evidenced by securities in book entry or paper form.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Authority places no limit on the amount the Authority may invest in any one issuer. At December 31, 2014, more than 5 percent of the Authority's investments were held with the following issuer:

Issuer	Contract Value	Percentage
Guaranteed investment contracts		
Bank of America - 5.3%	\$ 3,331,131	98.98%

Credit Risk – The Authority does not have a formal policy that would limit its investment choices with regard to credit risk. The Authority's investments had the following level of exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2014:

		Fair			
	(Cont	ract) Value	Rating		
Money market funds	\$	33,477	AAA		
External investment pool		847	AAA		
Guaranteed investment contracts		3,331,131	Unrated		

Interest Rate Risk – The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The following is a list of the Authority's investments and their related average maturities as of December 31, 2014:

				Investment Maturities							
		Fair					Sub	sequent			
	(Contract) Value		2015		2016-2020		to 2026				
Money market funds	\$	33,477	\$	33,477	\$	-	\$	-			
External investment pool		847		847		-		-			
Guaranteed investment contracts		3,331,131		-	1,4	486,626	1	,844,505			
Total	\$	3,365,455	\$	34,324	\$ 1,4	486,626	\$ 1	,844,505			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

3. RESTRICTED INVESTMENTS

Investments whose use is limited to a specific purpose have been classified as restricted in the balance sheet and statement of net position. Restricted investments are composed of the following:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund:

Restricted for repayment of the 1998 Guaranteed

Revenue Bonds \$ 3,364,608

Transportation Center Fund:

Restricted for repayment of the Transportation

Center Note 847

Total restricted investments \$ 3,365,455

4. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The Authority records interfund activity for amounts that one fund loans to another fund or for the value of expenditures that one fund pays on behalf of another fund. A summary of the Authority's interfund receivables and payables at December 31, 2014 is as follows:

L	Due from	Due to			
\$	482,165	\$	7,122		
	7,122		314,630		
			167,535		
\$	489,287	\$	489,287		
	\$	7,122	\$ 482,165 \$ 7,122		

These amounts are not expected to be repaid within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in the Authority's capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014 were as follows:

	January 1, 2014	Additions	Retirements	December 31, 2014		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 30,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30,000		
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Buildings	2,093,040	-	-	2,093,040		
Leasehold improvements	6,861,227			6,861,227		
Total capital assets, being depreciated	8,954,267			8,954,267		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings	235,467	52,326	-	287,793		
Leasehold improvements	740,900	171,531		912,431		
Total accumulated depreciation	976,367	223,857	_	1,200,224		
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,977,900	(223,857)		7,754,043		
Total capital assets, net	\$ 8,007,900	\$ (223,857)	\$ -	\$ 7,784,043		

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2014 was as follows:

	Ja	anuary 1, Additions/ 2014 Accretion		Retirements/ Amortization		December 31, 2014		Current Portion		
Note payable - Transportation Center	\$	271,427	\$	-	\$	-	\$	271,427	\$	271,427
Note payable - FHLB/Citizens		350,001		-		(33,333)		316,668		33,333
Note payable - Metro Bank		550,588		-		(27,316)		523,272		34,935
Due to other government		170,832		-		-		170,832		-
1998 Series A Guaranteed Revenue Bonds	1	8,967,964		1,414,600		-	2	0,382,564		-
1998 Series B Guaranteed Revenue Bonds	3	6,040,190		1,895,675			3	7,935,865		-
	\$ 5	6,351,002	\$	3,310,275	\$	(60,649)	\$ 5	9,600,628	\$	339,695

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

The following is an analysis of debt service requirements to maturity on the long-term debt using the interest rates in effect at December 31, 2014:

Years Ending					
December 31,	 Principal		Interest	Total	
2015	\$ 339,695	\$	80,785	\$	420,480
2016	3,749,421		14,720		3,764,141
2017	7,450,611		13,530		7,464,141
2018	7,481,841		12,300		7,494,141
2019	7,503,111		11,030		7,514,141
2020-2024	37,939,465		34,577		37,974,042
2025-2029	16,027,223		3,361		16,030,584
2030-2033	 14,380,832				14,380,832
	94,872,199	\$	170,303	\$	95,042,502
Unamortized discount on capital					
appreciation bonds	 (35,271,571)				
	\$ 59,600,628				

During 2000, the Authority entered into an agreement with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Transportation for an Infrastructure Bank Loan in a maximum amount of \$1,400,000 to rehabilitate the Harrisburg Transportation Center. The proceeds from this issuance were used for transportation center improvements. The note bears interest at 3.75% and was payable through December 31, 2009. The final principal payment of \$271,427, as well as \$64,912 of accrued interest, has not been paid as of December 31, 2014, as the Authority is seeking loan forgiveness for the outstanding principal balance and related interest. Because the principal and interest payments are due and payable at December 31, 2014, the liability has been accrued in the governmental fund financial statements.

On November 10, 2008, the Authority entered into a loan agreement with Citizens Bank in the amount of \$500,000. The proceeds of the loan were used to finance the construction of Susquehanna Harbor Safe Haven (SHSH). The loan was facilitated through a Direct Subsidy agreement. Under this agreement, the loan balance is to be forgiven over a fifteen-year period, given that certain compliance requirements are met.

On November 10, 2008, the Authority entered into a loan agreement with Metro Bank, formerly Commerce Bank of Harrisburg, in the amount of \$650,000. The proceeds from the loan were used for construction of the SHSH project. The loan bears interest of 4.83% for the first three years and followed by prime thereafter until maturity in 2026. The interest rate at December 31, 2014 was 3.25%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Included in the Authority's long-term debt is \$170,832 due to another government. This amount relates to the closeout of a Weatherization project funded by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. At the time of closeout, it was determined that this balance was owed to the grantor; however, no request has been made for payment by the grantor. Additionally, the Authority has requested that the grantor waive the remaining obligation.

On December 19, 1998, the Authority issued Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1998, in the face amount of \$41,680,000 and Series B of 1998 in the face amount of \$51,910,000 with interest rates of 6.7% and 5.1%, respectively. The Series A and Series B of 1998 are capital appreciation bonds. As such, the proceeds at the time of issuance were \$6,920,525 and \$16,716,758, respectively. The related proceeds of both issues were used to finance the acquisition of the Authority's right, title, and interest in and to certain portions of the Strawberry Square Site located in the City; to fund a debt service reserve fund for the 1998 bonds; and to pay costs of issuance. The Authority is not entitled to any ownership of the buildings until 2016. The Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1998 and Series B of 1998, mature through 2033 and 2025, respectively. The City guaranteed the repayment of these bond issuances.

If sufficient revenues are not generated to pay the debt service on the Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1998 or Series B of 1998, any shortfalls in funds will be paid for by the City. In accordance with the Reimbursement Agreement between the City and the Authority, the Authority is required to reimburse the City for amounts paid by the City under the guarantee. Interest will accrue on amounts owed by the Authority at a rate of 8% annually. As of December 31, 2014, no amounts were paid by the City to the Authority under either of the guarantees.

7. CONDUIT DEBT ISSUES

On February 3, 1994, the Authority issued Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds Series A in the amount of \$10 million. The related proceeds were issued on behalf of the Capital City Economic Development Corporation to construct a hotel in the City. The loan agreement between the Authority and the Capital City Economic Development Corporation stipulates that the Capital City Economic Development Corporation is responsible for principal and interest payments on the bonds. The Authority is not obligated for repayment as a result of the loan agreement. At December 31, 2014, the balance outstanding was \$3,475,000.

On July 16, 1996, the Authority issued a nonrecourse Revenue Note to Allfirst Bank in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000. The related proceeds were loaned to the Homeland Center, a Pennsylvania nonprofit corporation for the acquisition, construction, and equipping

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

certain capital additions, improvements, and renovations to the corporation's long-term care facility for the elderly located in the City. The loan agreement between the Authority and the Homeland Center has been assigned to Allfirst Bank as repayment of the Revenue Note. The Authority is not obligated under the note agreement as a result of this assignment. The entire principal balance, along with any accrued interest, is due at maturity in April 2017.

In 2005, the Authority issued conduit debt in the form of Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds (Series A-2 of 2005). The debt was issued in the amount of \$9 million. The related proceeds were issued on behalf of Harrisburg City Baseball Club, Inc. (HCBC). A loan agreement was entered between the Authority and HCBC. The proceeds will be utilized by HCBC for the renovation and upgrade of Metro Bank Park, formerly Commerce Bank Park. HCBC pledged existing and projected revenues from the stadium to pay the loan. In addition, the City has guaranteed repayment of the bonds through a Guaranty agreement. The Authority is not obligated for repayment of the bonds. At December 31, 2014, the aggregate outstanding balance was \$7,055,000.

The Authority has entered into an agreement to purchase real estate tax liens from the Harrisburg School District for tax years 2006 through 2010. This transaction has been treated as a collateralized borrowing. The Authority entered into a line of credit agreement in the amount of \$7.5 million to fund the purchase of the tax liens. Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority is not obligated for repayment of the line of credit as a result of the security agreement with the bank. On February 25, 2011, the Authority amended the terms of its conduit debt agreement to purchase real estate tax liens from the Harrisburg School District for tax years 2011 through 2013. In January 2011, the line of credit was increased from \$7.5 million to a maximum of \$8 million. On October 15, 2013, the Authority amended the terms of its conduit debt agreement to purchase real estate tax liens from the Harrisburg School District for tax years 2014 through 2018. In February 2013, the line of credit was increased from \$8 million to a maximum of \$9.1 million. At December 31, 2014, the balance on the line of credit was \$5,571,226.

8. LITIGATION

From time to time, the Authority is involved in various lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of its activities. The Authority's Solicitor and the Authority's management believe that the resolution of these actions is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial statements of the Authority.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

9. PENSION PLAN

The Authority participates in a defined contribution pension plan (Plan) for their employees; the Plan was established on January 1, 1998. The Authority contributes 4.5% of each covered employee's gross compensation to the Plan. Each participant is also required to contribute 4.5% of gross compensation in the Plan. The Plan is administered and its assets are held in trust by ICMA Retirement Corporation. The Authority contributed \$15,855 to the Plan, or 4.5% of covered payroll in the amount of \$346,436. Each permanent (full-time or part-time) employee is eligible to participate. Plan members contributed \$16,297 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

Participants in the Plan vest according to the following schedule:

Completed Years of Services	% Vested
1	20
2	40
3	60
4	80
5	100

10. LEASE REVENUE

The Authority, through the Transportation Center Fund, leases space and parking to a commercial rail company and other tenants with lease ending dates varying through 2019. Additionally, the Authority, through the CSM Fund, leases space to a non-profit corporation with a lease ending date of 2015. These leases are noncancellable operating leases.

Minimum rentals on noncancellable leases through 2019 are as follows:

Year Ended	
December 31,	Amount
2015	\$ 532,009
2016	124,457
2017	81,823
2018	14,812
2019	12,112
Total	\$ 765,213
Total	\$ 765,213

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

11. LEASE COMMITMENTS

Operating Lease

The Authority leased space from the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (Amtrak) through 2013. The lease was amended on June 27, 2013 to extend the term through July 14, 2014. The lease was amended again on July 10, 2014 to extend the term through September 30, 2014. The lease was amended on September 30, 2014 to extend the term through September 30, 2015. The minimum lease payments for the remaining term of the lease are \$98,732 for the year ending December 31, 2015.

The lease is adjusted annually on January 1 for the National Consumer Price Index. The above amount does not reflect the annual CPI increase. Management does not anticipate a significant increase in the above amount.

In addition, the Authority has an informal lease with the City for office space in the City Government Center. The Authority is currently not being charged a lease fee by the City.

Total rental expenditures for the year ended December 31, 2014 approximated \$132,437.

12. FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION DEFICITS

The following is a schedule of deficits by fund at December 31, 2014:

Fund	Deficit Amount
Governmental Activities	\$ 26,897,565
Transportation Center	490,109

The Governmental activities deficit is related to the 1998 Series A and B bond issuances. Since the right to building is recorded at amortized cost and the debt includes appreciation, the total debt outstanding, less the asset's amortized cost, reduces unrestricted net position. The outstanding debt on these issuances is \$58,318,429 and the amortized cost of the right to building is \$20,369,411. These balances reduced the governmental activities net position from a positive \$11,051,453 to the deficit balance of \$26,897,565. The City guarantees the payment of those bond issuances. In addition, the Authority will gain title to certain buildings in the year 2016 in relation to the issuance of these bonds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

Funds sufficient to provide for the Transportation Center deficits are to be made from future activities, according to management. Additionally, as discussed in Note 6, management is attempting to have a grantor waive the payment of the related debt principal and interest payments.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The Authority obtains grant revenue from federal and state sources. Should the funding source determine that the Authority has expended grant funds for purchases that are unallowed under the grant contract, the Authority may have to pay back the funds. However, ultimate disallowance of any costs claimed is ultimately the responsibility of the granting agency. Accordingly, no adjustment has been made to the financial statements for any questioned costs pending final resolution by the granting agency.

14. RELATED PARTY

The Authority has various contracts with the City, a related party, for property management and acquisition services. These activities are reflected in the CSM Fund of the Authority in the amount of \$361,128 for the year ended December 31, 2014.

15. Subsequent Event

A settlement agreement was entered into on January 30, 2015 between the City, Assured Guaranty Municipal Corporation (AGM), and the Authority related to certain portions of the Strawberry Square Site located in the City (Verizon Building) and subject to the Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1998.

The Authority is entitled to ownership of the Verizon Building after expiration of the lease with Verizon, which terminates on February 29, 2016. Upon expiration of the lease with Verizon, the Harristown Development Corporation (HDC) agrees to lease the Verizon Building from the Authority pursuant to a lease agreement entered into on January 30, 2015. HDC also entered into another agreement with the Department of General Services of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (DGS) to sublease the Verizon Building (DGS lease). The term of the DGS lease commences March 1, 2016, the day after the expiration of the Verizon Lease, and expires by its terms on February 28, 2033. The rentals obtained from the DGS lease and paid by HDC to the Authority are expected to pay a portion of the payments due on

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YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

the Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1998. As further discussed in Note 6 the City has guaranteed payment of the Federally Taxable Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, Series A of 1998.